OXFORD PUBLIC SCHOOL

RANCHI-834011



2024-25

SYLLABUS

NAME:	
ROLL NO -	CLASS & SECTION:

SUBJECT: ENGLISH CORE (301)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
		HORNBILL: 1. The Portrait of a Lady (Prose) 2. A Photograph (Poem)	Make a detailed study of the Old Age Homes in India. (Clues: reasons for
JUNE	09	GRAMMAR: 1.Tenses 2. Re-ordering of sentences	increase, statistics in India and condition of the old age homes)
		CREATIVE WRITING SKILL: 1. Speech	OR Create a photo frame for your mother and also write ten lines on her.
		HORNBILL:	Collect information on
		1. "We're Not Afraid to Die if	Sthavi Asthana – India's
		We Can All Be Together"	grand hope for an Asian
	24	(Prose)	Games Gold in Horse
			Riding.
		CN A DOLLOTO	OR
JULY		SNAPSHOTS: 1. The Summer of the Beautiful	Make a collage of the various classified
		White Horse (Prose)	advertisements published
		2. The Address (Prose)	in the newspapers.
		2. The Address (110se)	in the newspapers.
		CREATIVE WRITING	
		SKILLS:	
		1. Classified Advertisements	
		2. Debate	
		HORNBILL:	Research on the various
		1. Discovering Tut: The Saga	trees and birds used in the
AUG	20	Continues (Prose)	poems and their
AUG	20	2. The Laburnum Top (Poem)	significance.
		READING	OR
		COMPREHENSION:	Role-play: Students take on
		1. Note Making & Summarization	different perspectives to

		GRAMMAR: 1. Clauses 2. Transformation of sentences	discuss a topic, fostering empathy and understanding while practicing
			communication skills in a simple, interactive format.
SEP	19	HORNBILL: 1. The Voice of the Rain (Poem) 2. Childhood (Poem)	Discussion on 'Water Cycle'. OR 'Heredity and Habits that Children acquire' (The science behind it.)
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/Half Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	
NOV	15	HORNBILL: 1.The Adventure (Prose) 2. Silk Road (Prose) SNAPSHOTS: 1. Birth (Prose)	Prepare a speech on the scientist and author Jayant Narlikar. OR Collect two newspaper reports on the advancements made in the world of medical science.
DEC	19	HORNBILL: 1. Father to Son (Poem) SNAPSHOTS: 1. Mother's Day (Play) 2. The Tale of Melon City (Poem)	Make a cartoon strip depicting your father's journey, achievements and regrets. OR Develop a script for a school play on 'Family Ties'.
JAN	20	Integrated Grammar Exercises Revision (Whole Syllabus)	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: HINDI CORE (302)

माह	कार्य दिवस	विषय	क्रिया कलाप
जून	09	आरोह (भाग-१) - नमक का दारोगा, कबीर के दोहे अपठित गद्यांश, अपठित पद्यांश	'प्रेमचंद के साहित्य में यथार्थ चित्रण' विषय के ऊपर एक परियोजना कार्य तैयार करें
जुलाई	24	आरोह (भाग-१) - मियाँ नसीरुद्दीन, मीरा के पद वितान (भाग-१) - भारतीय गायिकाओं में बेजोड़ लता मंगेशकर औपचारिक पत्र लेखन	
अगस्त	20	आरोह (भाग-१) - अप्पू के साथ ढाई साल, घर की याद, विदाई संभाषण, चम्पा काले काले अक्षर नहीं चीन्हती वितान (भाग-१) - राजस्थान की रजत बूँदें	अभिव्यक्ति एवं जनसंचार माध्यम की उपयोगिता के ऊपर एक परियोजना कार्य तैयार करें
सितम्बर	19	आरोह (भाग-१) - गलता लोहा, रजनी, गजल वितान (भाग-१) - आलो आंधारी अभिव्यक्ति एवं जनसंचार माध्यम, शब्दकोश	
अक्टूबर	20	पुनरावृत्ति एवं प्रथम सावधिक परीक्षा (55% पाठ्यक्रम)	
नवम्बर	15	आरोह (भाग-१) - हे मेरे जूही के फूल जैसे ईश्वर, हे भूख मत मचल, वितान (भाग-१) - भारतीय कलाएँ अपठित गद्यांश, अपठित पद्यांश	
दिसम्बर	19	आरोह (भाग-१) - सबसे खतरनाक, जामून का पेड़, भारत माता औपचारिक पत्र लेखन, शब्दकोश	
जनवरी	20	आरोह (भाग-१) - आओ मिलकर बचाएँ अभिव्यक्ति एवं जनसंचार माध्यम	
फरवरी	21	पुनरावृत्ति एवं वार्षिक परीक्षा (55% + 45% पाठ्यक्रम)	
मार्च	24	वार्षिक परीक्षा, परिणाम एवं पी. टी. एम.	

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS (041)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	
JUNE	09	Sets Sets and their representations, Empty set, Finite and Infinite sets, Equal sets, Subsets, Subsets of a set of real numbers especially intervals (with notations). Universal set. Venn diagrams. Union and Intersection of sets. Difference of sets. Complement of a set. Properties of Complement. Relations & Functions Ordered pairs. Cartesian product of sets. Number of elements in the Cartesian product of two finite sets. Cartesian product of the set of reals with itself (up to R x R x R). Definition of relation, pictorial diagrams, domain, co-domain and range of a relation. Function as a special type of relation. Pictorial representation of a function, domain, co-domain and range of a function.	
JULY	24	Real valued functions, domain and range of these functions, constant, identity, polynomial, rational, modulus, signum, exponential, logarithmic and greatest integer functions, with their graphs. Sum, difference, product and quotients of functions. Trigonometric Functions Positive and negative angles. Measuring angles in radians and in degrees and conversion from one measure to another. Definition of trigonometric functions with the help of unit circle. Truth of the identity $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$, for all x. Signs of trigonometric functions. Domain and range of trigonometric functions and their graphs. Expressing $\sin(x \pm y)$ and $\cos(x \pm y)$ in terms of $\sin x$, $\sin y$, $\cos x$ & $\cos y$ and their simple applications. Deducing identities like the following:	

		$\tan(x\pm y) = \frac{\tan x \pm \tan y}{1 \pm \tan x \tan y}, \cot(x\pm y) = \frac{\cot x \cot y \pm 1}{\cot y \pm \cot x}$		
		$\sin\alpha \pm \sin\beta = 2\sin\frac{1}{2}(\alpha \pm \beta)\cos\frac{1}{2}(\alpha \mp \beta)$		
		$\cos\alpha \pm \cos\beta = 2\cos\frac{1}{2}(\alpha \pm \beta)\cos\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta)$		
		$\cos\alpha - \cos\beta = -2\sin\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta)\sin\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta)$		
		Unit-II: Algebra		
		Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations		
		Need for complex numbers, especially $\sqrt{-1}$, to be motivated		
		by inability to solve some of the quadratic equations.		
		Algebraic properties of complex numbers. Argand plane.		
AUG	20	Linear Inequalities		
AUG	20	Linear inequalities. Algebraic solutions of linear inequalities		
		in one variable and their representation on the number line.		
		Permutations and Combinations		
		Fundamental principle of counting. Factorial <i>n</i> . (n!)		
		Permutations and combinations, derivation of formulae for		
		P(n,r) and $C(n,r)$ and their connections, simple applications.		
		Binomial Theorem		
		Historical perspective, statement and proof of the binomial		
		theorem for positive integral indices. Pascal's triangle, simple		
		applications.		
SEP	19	Sequences and Series		
SEI	1)	Sequences and Series. Arithmetic Mean (A.M.) Geometric		
		Progression (G.P.), general term of a G.P., sum of <i>n</i> terms of		
		a G.P., infinite G.P. and its sum, geometric mean (G.M.),		
		relation between A.M. and G.M.		
0.07	20	Revision & First Terminal / Half Yearly Examination		
OCT	20	(55% Syllabus)		
		Unit-III: Coordinate Geometry		
		Straight Lines		
		Brief recall of two-dimensional geometry from earlier classes.		
NOV	15	Slope of a line and angle between two lines. Various forms of		
		equations of a line: parallel to axis, point-slope form, slope-		
		intercept form, two-point form, intercept form, distance of a		
		point from a line.		

		Conic Sections		
		Sections of a cone: circles, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, a		
		point, a straight line and a pair of intersecting lines as a		
		degenerated case of a conic section. Standard equations and		
		simple properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola. Standard		
		equation of a circle.		
		Introduction to Three-dimensional Geometry		
		Coordinate axes and coordinate planes in three dimensions.		
		Coordinates of a point. Distance between two points.		
		Unit-IV: Calculus		
		Limits and Derivatives		
		Derivative introduced as rate of change both as that of		
		distance function and geometrically. Intuitive idea of limit.		
		Limits of polynomials and rational functions, trigonometric,		
		exponential and logarithmic functions. Definition of		
		derivative, relate it to scope of tangent of the curve, derivative		
		of sum, difference, product and quotient of functions.		
		Derivatives of polynomial and trigonometric functions.		
DEC	19	Unit-V: Statistics and Probability		
		Statistics		
		Measures of Dispersion: Range, Mean deviation, variance and		
		standard deviation ofungrouped/grouped data.		
		Probability		
		Events; occurrence of events, 'not', 'and' and 'or' events,		
		exhaustive events, mutually exclusive events, Axiomatic (set		
		theoretic) probability, connections with other theories of		
		earlier classes. Probability of an event, probability of 'not',		
		'and' and 'or' events.		
JAN	20	Revision		
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination		
1		(55% + 45% Syllabus)		
		(33 % ± 43 % Synabus)		

SUBJECT: ACCOUNTANCY (055)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	Part- A: Financial Accounting Introduction to Accounting Accounting- concept, meaning, as a source of information, objectives, advantages and limitations, types of accounting information; users of accounting information and their needs. Qualitative Characteristics of Accounting Information. Role of Accounting in Business. Basic Accounting Terms- Entity, Business Transaction, Capital, Drawings. Liabilities (Non-Current and Current). Assets (Non-Current, Current); Expenditure (Capital and Revenue), Expense, Revenue, Income, Profit, Gain, Loss, Purchase, Sales, Goods, Stock, Debtor, Creditor, Voucher, Discount (Trade discount and Cash Discount).	SOLVE QUESTION
JULY	24	Theory Base of Accounting Fundamental accounting assumptions: GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principle. Concept Basic Accounting Concept: Business Entity, Money Measurement, Going Concern, Accounting Period, Cost Concept, Dual Aspect, Revenue Recognition, Matching, Full Disclosure, Consistency, Conservatism, Materiality and Objectivity. System of Accounting Basis of Accounting: Cash basis and Accrual basis Accounting Standards: Applicability of Accounting Standards (AS) and Indian Accounting Standards (IndAS)	SOLVE QUESTION

	I		
		• Goods and Services Tax (GST):	
		Characteristics and Advantages.	
		Recording of Business Transactions	
		• Voucher and Transactions: Source	
		documents and Vouchers, Preparation of	
		Vouchers, Accounting Equation Approach:	
		Meaning and Analysis, Rules of Debit and	
		Credit.	
		• Recording of Transactions: Books of	
		Original Entry- Journal	
		Special Purpose Books:	
ALIC	20	• Cash Book: Simple, cash book with bank	SOLVE
AUG	20	column and petty cashbook	QUESTION
		Purchases book	
		Sales book	
		Purchases return book	
		Sales return book	
		• Journal proper Note: Including trade	
		_	
		Bank Reconciliation Statement:	
		Need and preparation of Bank	
		Reconciliation Statement	
		Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves	
		• Depreciation: Meaning, Features, Need,	
		Causes, factors	COLVE
		• Other similar terms: Depletion and	
CED	10	Amortisation	~
SEP	19	Methods of Depreciation:	
		-	PAPER
		ii.Written Down Value Method (WDV)	
		Note: Excluding change of method	
		• Difference between SLM and WDV;	
		Advantages of SLM and WDV	
		i. Charging to asset account	
AUG	20	Original Entry- Journal Special Purpose Books: Cash Book: Simple, cash book with bank column and petty cashbook Purchases book Sales book Purchases return book Sales return book Journal proper Note: Including trade discount, freight and cartage expenses for simple GST calculation. Ledger: Format, Posting from journal and subsidiary books, Balancing of account Bank Reconciliation Statement: Need and preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves Depreciation: Meaning, Features, Need, Causes, factors Other similar terms: Depletion and Amortisation Methods of Depreciation: i. Straight Line Method (SLM) ii.Written Down Value Method (WDV) Note: Excluding change of method Difference between SLM and WDV; Advantages of SLM and WDV	

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		ii.Creating provision for	
		depreciation/accumulated depreciation	
		account	
		Treatment of disposal of asset	
		Provisions and Reserves	
		 Difference Between Provisions and 	
		Reserves.	
		• Types of Reserves:	
		i. Revenue reserve	
		ii. Capital reserve	
		iii.General reserve	
		iv. Specific reserve	SOLVE
OCT	20	v. Secret Reserve.	QUESTION
		Difference between capital and revenue	QUESTION
		reserve.	
		Trial balance: objectives, meaning and	
		preparation (Scope: Trial balance with balance	
		method only).	
		• /	
		Revision & First Terminal / Half Yearly	
		Examination (55% Sylllabus)	
	15	Rectification of Errors	
		• Errors: classification-errors of omission,	
		commission, principles, and compensating;	SOLVE
NOV		their effect on Trial Balance.	QUESTION
NOV		• Detection and rectification of errors; (i)	& SAMPLE
		Errors which do not affect trial balance (ii)	PAPER
		Errors which affect trial balance	
		 preparation of suspense account 	
		Part- B: Financial Accounting- II	
		Unit- 3:Financial Statements of Sole	
		Proprietorship	
D.F.C		Financial Statements Meaning, objectives and	SOLVE
	10	importance; Revenue and Capital Receipts;	QUESTION
DEC	19	Revenue and Capital Expenditure; Deferred	& SAMPLE
		Revenue expenditure. Opening journal entry.	PAPER
		Trading and Profit and Loss Account: Gross	
		Profit, Operating profit and Net profit.	
		Preparation.	
		1 Topatation.	

		Balance Sheet: need, grouping and marshalling of assets and liabilities. Preparation. Adjustments in preparation of financial statements - With respect to closing stock, outstanding expenses, prepaid expenses, accrued income, income received in advance, depreciation, bad debts, provision for doubtful debts, provision for discount on debtors, Abnormal loss, Goods taken for personal use/staff welfare, interest on capital and managers commission. Preparation of Trading and Profit and Loss account and Balance Sheet of a sole proprietorship with adjustments.	
JAN	20	Incomplete Records Incomplete Records Features, reasons and limitations. Ascertainment of Profit/Loss by Statement of Affairs method. (excluding conversion method	SOLVE QUESTION & SAMPLE PAPER
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: PHYSICS (042)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
		Unit- I: Physical World and	SECTION-A
		Measurement	1. To measure
		Chapter- 2: Units and Measurements	diameter of a small
		Need for measurement: Units of	spherical/cylindrical
		measurement; systems of units; SI	body and to
		units, fundamental and derived units.	measure internal
		Significant figures. Dimensions of	diameter and depth
		physical quantities, dimensional	of a given
JUNE	09	analysis and its applications.	beaker/calorimeter
JONE	0)		using Vernier
		Unit- II: Kinematics	Calipers and hence
		Chapter- 3: Motion in a Straight Line	find its volume.
		Frame of reference, motion in a straight	2. To measure
		line.Elementary concepts of	diameter of a given
		differentiation and integration for	wire and thickness
		describing motion, uniform and non-	of a given sheet
		uniform motion, average speed and	using screw gauge.
		instantaneous velocity.	
		Unit-II: Kinematics	3. To determine
		Chapter- 3: Motion in a Straight Line	volume of an
		Uniformly accelerated motion, velocity	irregular lamina
		- time and position-time graphs.	using screw gauge.
		Relations for uniformly accelerated	4. To determine radius
		motion (graphical treatment).	of curvature of a
JULY	24	Chapter- 4: Motion in a Plane	given spherical
		Scalar and vector quantities; position	surface by a
		and displacement vectors, general	spherometer.
		vectors and their notations; equality of	5. A given body using
		vectors, multiplication of vectors by a	parallelogram law
		real number; addition and subtraction of	of vectors.
		vectors, relative velocity.	

		Chapter- 4: Motion in a Plane	6. To determine the
		Unit vector; resolution of a vector in a	mass of two
		plane, rectangular components, Scalar	different objects
		and Vector product of vectors. Motion	using a beam
		_	balance.
		in a plane, cases of uniform velocity	7. To find the
		and uniform acceleration-projectile	
		motion, uniform circular motion.	weightof using a
		Unit- III: Laws of Motion	simple pendulum,
		Chapter- 5: Laws of Motion	plot its L-T ² graph
		Intuitive concept of force, Inertia,	and use it to find
		Newton's first law of motion;	the effective length
AUG	20	momentum and Newton's second law of	of second's
		motion; impulse; Newton's third law of	pendulum.
		motion (recapitulation only), Law of	
		conservation of linear momentum and	8. To study variation
		its applications. Equilibrium of	of time period of a
		concurrent forces, Static and kinetic	simple pendulum of
		friction, laws of friction, rolling	a given length by
		friction, lubrication. Dynamics of	taking bobs of same
		uniform circular motion: Centripetal	size but different
		force, examples of circular motion	masses and interpret
		(vehicle on a level circular road, vehicle	the result.
		on a banked road).	
		Unit- IV: Work, Energy and Power	9. To study the
		Chapter- 6: Work, Energy and Power	relationship
		Work done by a constant force and a	between force of
		variable force; kinetic energy, work-	limiting friction and
SEP		energy theorem, power. Notion of	normal reaction and
		potential energy, potential energy of a	to find the co-
	19	spring, conservative forces, non-	efficient of friction
		conservative forces, motion in a vertical	between a block
		circle; elastic and inelastic collisions in	and a horizontal
		one and two dimensions.	surface.
		Unit- V: Motion of System of Particles	
		and Rigid Body	
		8/	

		Chapter- 7: System of Particles and	10. To find the
		Rotational Motion	downward force,
		Centre of mass of a two-particle system,	along an inclined
		momentum. Conservation and centre of	plane, acting on a
		mass motion. Centre of mass of a rigid	roller due to
		body; Centre of mass of a uniform rod.	gravitational pull of
		Moment of a force, torque, angular	the earth and study
		momentum, law of conservation of	its relationship
		angular momentum and its applications.	with the angle of
			inclination θ by
			plotting graph
			between force and
			$\sin \theta$.
			SECTION- B
			1. To determine
			Young's modulus of
			elasticity of the
			material of a given
			wire.
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/Half	
001	20	Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	
		Chapter- 7: System of Particles and	2. To find the force
		Rotational Motion	constant of a helical
		Equilibrium of rigid bodies, rigid body	spring by plotting a
		rotation and equations of rotational	graph between load
		motion, comparison of linear and	and extension.
		rotational motions. Moment of inertia,	
NOV	15	radius of gyration, values of moments	3. To study the
		of inertia for simple geometrical objects	variation in volume
		(no derivation).	with pressure for a
		Unit- VI: Gravitation (8 Periods)	sample of air at
		Chapter- 8: Gravitation	constant
		Kepler's law of planetary motion.	temperature by
		Universal law of gravitation.	plotting graphs
		Acceleration due to gravity and its	between P and V,

variation with altitude and depth. Gravitational potential energy and gravitational potential, escape speed, orbital velocity of a satellite.

Unit- VII: Properties of Bulk Matter Chapter- 9: Mechanical Properties of Solids

Elasticity, Stress-strain relationship, Hooke's law, Young's modulus, bulk modulus, shear, modulus of rigidity, poisson's ratio; elastic energy.

Chapter- 10: Mechanical Properties of Fluids

Pressure due to a fluid column; Pascal's law and its applications (hydraulic lift and hydraulic brakes), effect of gravity on fluid pressure.

Viscosity, Stokes' law, terminal velocity, streamline and turbulent flow, critical velocity, Bernoulli's theorem and its applications.

Surface energy and surface tension, angle of contact, excess of pressure across a curved surface, application of surface tension ideas to drops, bubbles and capillary rise.

Chapter- 11: Thermal Properties of Matter

Heat, temperature, thermal expansion, thermal expansion of solids, liquids and gases, anomalous expansion of water; specific heat capacity; Cp, Cv - calorimetry; change of state - latent heat capacity. Heat transfer-conduction, convection and radiation, thermal

and between P and 1/V.

4. To determine the surface tension of water by capillary rise method.

		conductivity, qualitative ideas of	
		Blackbody radiation, Wein's	
		displacement Law, Stefan's law.	
		Unit-VIII: Thermodynamics	5. To determine the
		Chapter- 12: Thermodynamics	coefficient of
		Thermal equilibrium and definition of	viscosity of a
		temperature (zeroth law of	given viscous
		thermodynamics), heat, work and	liquid by
		internal energy. First law of	measuring
		thermodynamics, isothermal and	terminal velocity
		adiabatic processes.	of a given
		Second law of thermodynamics, gaseous	spherical body.
		state of matter, change of condition of	
		gaseous state – isothermal process,	6. To study the
		adiabatic process, reversible process,	relationship
		irreversible process and cyclic process.	between the
DEC	19	Unit- IX: Behaviour of Perfect Gases	temperature of a
		and Kinetic Theory of Gases	hot body and
		Chapter- 13: Kinetic Theory	time by plotting a
		Equation of state of a perfect gas, work	cooling curve.
		done in compressing a gas.	
		Kinetic theory of gases-assumptions,	7. To determine specific
		concept of pressure. Kinetic	heat capacity of a
		interpretation of temperature; rms speed	given solid by
		of gas molecules; degrees of freedom,	method of mixtures.
		law of equi-partition of energy	
		(statement only) and application to	
		specific heat capacities of gases;	
		concept of mean free path, Avogadro's	
		number.	
		Unit- X: Oscillations and Waves	8. To study the
TANT	20	Chapter- 14: Oscillations	relation between
JAN	20	Periodic motion - time period,	frequency and
		frequency, displacement as a function	length of a given
		of time, periodic functions.	wire under

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		Simple harmonic motion (S.H.M) and	constant tension
		its equation; phase; oscillations of a	using sonometer.
		loaded spring- restoring force and force	9. To study the
		constant; energy in S.H.M. Kinetic and	relation between
		potential energies;simple pendulum	the length of a
		derivation of expression for its time	given wire and
		period.	tension for
		Chapter- 15: Waves	constant
		Wave motion: Transverse and	frequency using
		longitudinal waves, speed of travelling	sonometer.
		wave, displacement relation for a	10. To find the speed of
		progressive wave, principle of	sound in air at room
		superposition of waves, reflection of	temperature using a
		waves,	resonance tube by
		standing waves in strings and organ	two resonance
		pipes, fundamental mode and	positions.
		harmonics, beats.	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination	
		(55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

ACTIVITIES SECTION-A

- 1. To make a paper scale of given least count, e.g., 0.2cm, 0.5 cm.
- 2. To determine mass of a given body using a metre scale by principle of moments.
- 3. To plot a graph for a given set of data, with proper choice of scales and error bars.
- 4. To measure the force of limiting friction for rolling of a roller on a horizontal plane.
- 5. To study the variation in range of a projectile with angle of projection.
- 6. To study the conservation of energy of a ball rolling down on an inclined plane (using a double inclined plane).
- 7. To study dissipation of energy of a simple pendulum by plotting a graph between square of amplitude and time.

SECTION-B

- 1. To observe change of state and plot a cooling curve for molten wax.
- 2. To observe and explain the effect of heating on a bi-metallic strip.
- 3. To note the change in level of liquid in a container on heating and interpret the observations.
- 4. To study the effect of detergent on surface tension of water by observing capillary rise.
- 5. To study the factors affecting the rate of loss of heat of a liquid.
- 6. To study the effect of load on depression of a suitably clamped metre scale loaded at
- 7. its end (ii) in the middle.
- 8. To observe the decrease in pressure with increase in velocity of a fluid.

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY (043)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	PRACTICALS
JUNE	09	Unit- I: Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry: General Introduction: Importance and scope of Chemistry. Nature of matter, laws of chemical combination, Dalton's atomic theory: concept of elements, atoms and molecules. Atomic and molecular masses, mole concept and molar mass.	Experiment-1 Experiment-2
JULY	24	Unit- I: Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry: Percentage composition, empirical and molecular formula, chemical reactions, stoichiometry and calculations based on stoichiometry. Unit- II: Structure of Atom: Discovery of Electron, Proton and Neutron, atomic number, isotopes and isobars. Thomson's model and its limitations. Rutherford's model and its limitations, Bohr's model and its limitations. Concept of shells and subshells, dual nature of matter and light, de Broglie's relationship, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, concept of orbitals, quantum numbers, shapes of s, p and d orbitals, rules for filling electrons in orbitals - Aufbau principle, Pauli's exclusion principle and Hund's rule, electronic configuration of atoms, stability of half-filled and completely filled orbitals. Unit- III: Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties: Significance of classification, brief history of the development of periodic table, modern periodic law and the present form of periodic	Experiment-3 Experiment-4 Experiment-5

	T .		
		table, periodic trends in properties of elements -	
		atomic radii, ionic radii, inert gas radii,	
		Ionization enthalpy.	
		Unit- III: Classification of Elements and	
		Periodicity in Properties:	
		Electron gain enthalpy, electronegativity,	
		valency. Nomenclature of elements with atomic	
		number greater than 100.	
		Unit- IV: Chemical Bonding and Molecular	
		Structure:	
		Valence electrons, ionic bond, covalent bond,	Experiment-6
AUG	20	bond parameters, Lewis structure, polar	Experiment-7
		character of covalent bond, covalent character	Experiment-8
		of ionic bond, valence bond theory, resonance,	
		geometry of covalent molecules, VSEPR	
		theory, concept of hybridization, involving s, p	
		and d orbitals and shapes of some simple	
		molecules, molecular orbital theory of	
		homonuclear diatomic molecules (qualitative	
		idea only), Hydrogen bond.	
		Unit- VI: Chemical Thermodynamics	
		Concepts of System and types of systems, surroundings, work, heat, energy, extensive and	
		intensive properties, state functions. First law of	
		thermodynamics -internal energy and enthalpy,	
		heat capacity and specific heat.	Experiment-9
		Measurement of ΔU and ΔH , Hess's law of	Experiment-
CED	19	constant heat summation, enthalpy of bond	10
SEP		dissociation, combustion, formation,	
		atomization, sublimation, phase transition, ionization, solution and dilution. Second law of	
		Thermodynamics (brief introduction)	
		Introduction of entropy as a state function,	
		Gibb's energy change for spontaneous and	
		nonspontaneous processes, criteria for	
		equilibrium. Third law of thermodynamics	
		(brief introduction).	

OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/Half Yearly		
		Examination (55% Syllabus)		
NOV	15	Unit- VII: Equilibrium: Equilibrium in physical and chemical processes, dynamic nature of equilibrium, law of mass action, equilibrium constant, factors affecting equilibrium — Le Chatelier's principle. Ionic equilibriumionization of acids and bases, strong and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, ionization of poly basic acids, acid strength, concept of pH, hydrolysis of salts (elementary idea), buffer solution, Henderson Equation, solubility product, common ion effect (with illustrative examples). Unit- VIII: Redox Reactions: Concept of oxidation and reduction, redox	brium- and weak nization of ept of pH, buffer cility ustrative brium- Experiment - 11 Experiment - 12	
		reactions, oxidation number, balancing redox reactions, in terms of loss and gain of electrons and change in oxidation number, applications of redox reactions.		
DEC	electrometric effect, resonance and hyper conjugation. Homolytic and heterolytic fission of a covalent bond: free radicals, carbocations, carbanions, electrophiles and nucleophiles, types of organic reactions.			
		Unit- XIII: Hydrocarbons: Aliphatic Hydrocarbons:		

		Alkanes: Nomenclature, isomerism,	
		conformation (ethane only), physical properties,	
		chemical reactions including free radical	
		mechanism of halogenation, combustion and	
		pyrolysis.	
		Alkenes: Nomenclature, structure of double	
		bond (ethene), geometrical isomerism, physical	
		properties, methods of preparation, chemical	
		reactions: addition of hydrogen, halogen, water,	
		hydrogen halides (Markovnikov's addition and	
		peroxide effect), ozonolysis, oxidation,	
		mechanism of electrophilic addition.	
		Unit- XIII: Hydrocarbons:	
		Alkynes: Nomenclature, structure of triple	
		bond (ethyne), physical properties, methods of	
		preparation, chemical reactions: acidic character	
		of alkynes, addition reaction of - hydrogen,	
		halogens, hydrogen halides and water.	
JAN	20	Aromatic Hydrocarbons: Introduction,	
		IUPAC nomenclature, benzene: resonance,	
		aromaticity, chemical properties: mechanism of	
		electrophilic substitution. Nitration,	
		sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel Craft's	
		alkylation and acylation, directive influence of	
		functional group in monosubstituted benzene.	
		Carcinogenicity and toxicity.	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination	
		(55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: BIOLOGY (044)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	PRACTICAL/ PROJECT
		Unit-I: Diversity In Living	1. Study and describe locally
		Organism.	available common
		Chapter-1: The Living World	flowering plants, from
		Biodiversity; Need for	family Solanaceae
		classification; three domains of	(Poaceae, Asteraceae or
		life; taxonomy and systematics;	Brassicaceae can be
		concept of species and	substituted in case of
		taxonomical hierarchy; binomial	particular geographical
		nomenclature.	location) including
		Chapter-2: Biological	dissection and display of
		Classification	floral whorls, anther and
		Five kingdom classification;	ovary to show number of
JUNE	09	Salient features and	chambers (floral
		classification of Monera, Protista	formulae and floral
		and Fungi into major groups;	diagrams), type of root
		Lichens, Viruses and Viroids.	(tap and adventitious);
			type of stem (herbaceous
		Chapter-3: Plant Kingdom	and woody); leaf
		Classification of plants into major	(arrangement, shape,
		groups; Salient and distinguishing	venation, simple and
		features and a few examples of	compound). Different
		Algae, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta,	types of inflorescence
		Gymnospermae (Topics excluded–	(cymose and racemose).
		Angiosperms, Plant Life Cycle	
		and Alternation of Generations)	0 D 1 1 0
		Chapter-4: Animal Kingdom	2. Preparation and study of
		Salient features and	T.S. of dicot and
ппл	2.4	classification of animals, non-	monocot roots and stems
JULY	24	chordates up to phyla level and	(primary).
		chordates up to class level	3. Study of osmosis by
		(salient features and at a few	potato osmometer.
		examples of each category).	

		(No live animals or specimen	4. Study of plasmolysis in
		should be displayed.)	epidermal peels (e.g.
		Unit-II: Structural	Rhoeo/lily leaves or
		Organization in Plants and	flashy scale leaves of
		Animals	onion bulb).
		Chapter-5: Morphology of Flowering Plants Morphology of different parts of flowering plants: root, stem, leaf, inflorescence, flower, fruit and seed. Description of family	5. Study of distribution of stomata on the upper and lower surfaces of leaves.
		Solanaceae	
		Chapter-6: Anatomy of Flowering Plants Anatomy and functions of tissue systems in dicots and monocots.	
		Chapter-7: Structural Organization in Animals Morphology, Anatomy and functions of different systems (digestive, circulatory, respiratory, nervous and reproductive) of frog.	
		Unit-III: Cell: Structure and	6. Test for the presence of
		Function	sugar, starch, proteins
		Chapter-8: Cell-The Unit of	and fats in suitable plant
		Life	and animal materials.
		Cell theory and cell as the basic	
		unit of life, structure of	7. Separation of plant
AUG	20	prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells;	pigments through paper
		Plant cell and animal cell; cell	chromatography.
		envelope; cell membrane, cell	
		wall; cell organelles - structure	
		and function; endomembrane	
		system, endoplasmic reticulum,	
		golgi bodies, lysosomes,	

	-	1 1 1	
		vacuoles, mitochondria,	
		ribosomes, plastids, microbodies;	
		cytoskeleton, cilia, flagella,	
		centrioles (ultrastructure and	
		function); nucleus.	
		Chapter-9: Biomolecules	
		Chemical constituents of living	
		cells: biomolecules, structure and	
		function of proteins,	
		carbohydrates, lipids, and nucleic	
		acids; Enzyme - types, properties,	
		enzyme action. (Topics excluded:	
		Nature of Bond Linking	
		Monomers in a Polymer, Dynamic	
		State of Body Constituents	
		Concept of Metabolism, Metabolic	
		Basis of Living, The Living State)	
		Chapter-10: Cell Cycle and	
		CellDivision.	
		Cell cycle, mitosis, meiosis and	
		their significance.	
		Unit-IV: Plant Physiology	SPOTTING
		Chapter-13: Photosynthesis in	1. Parts of a compound
		Higher Plants	microscope.
		Photosynthesis as a means of	2. Specimens/slides/models
		autotrophic nutrition; site of	and identification with
		photosynthesis, pigments involved	reasons - Bacteria,
		in photosynthesis (elementary	Oscillatoria, Spirogyra,
SEP	19	idea); photochemical and	Rhizopus, mushroom,
		biosynthetic phases of photosynthesis; cyclic and non-	yeast, liverwort, moss,
		cyclic photophosphorylation;	fern, pine, one
		chemiosmotic hypothesis;	, 1
		photorespiration; C3 and C4	monocotyledonous plant,
		pathways; factors affecting	one dicotyledonous plant
		photosynthesis.	and one lichen.

		Chapter-14: Respiration in	3. Virtual
		Plants	specimens/slides/models
		Exchange of gases; cellular	and identifying features
		respiration - glycolysis,	of - Amoeba, Hydra, liver
		fermentation (anaerobic), TCA	fluke, Ascaris, leech,
		cycle and electron transport	earthworm, prawn,
		system (aerobic); energy relations	silkworm, honey bee,
		- number of ATP molecules	snail, starfish, shark,
		generated; amphibolic pathways;	rohu, frog, lizard, pigeon
		respiratory quotient.	and rabbit.
		Chapter-15: Plant - Growth	4. Mitosis in onion root tip
		and Development	cells and animals cells
		Seed germination; phases of plant	(grasshopper) from
		growth and plant growth rate;	permanent slides.
		conditions of growth;	
		differentiation, dedifferentiation	
		and redifferentiation; sequence of	
		developmental processes in a	
		plant cell; plant growth regulators	
		- auxin, gibberellin, cytokinin,	
		ethylene, ABA.	
		Revision & First Terminal/Half	
OCT	20	Yearly Examination	
		(55% Syllabus)	
		Unit-V: Human Physiology	
		Chapter-17: Breathing &	
		Exchange of Gases	
		Respiratory organs in animals	
		(recall only); Respiratory system	
NOV	15	in humans; mechanism of breathing and its regulation in	
	13	humans - exchange of gases,	
		transport of gases and regulation	
		of respiration, respiratory volume;	
		disorders related to respiration -	
		asthma, emphysema, occupational respiratory disorders.	
		respiratory disorders.	

		Chapter-18: Body Fluids and	
		Circulation	
		Composition of blood, blood	
		groups, coagulation of blood;	
		composition of lymph and its	
		function; human circulatory	
		system - Structure of human heart	
		and blood vessels; cardiac cycle,	
		cardiac output, ECG; double	
		circulation; regulation of cardiac	
		activity; disorders of circulatory	
		system - hypertension, coronary	
		artery disease, angina pectoris,	
		heart failure.	
		Chapter-19: Excretory	
		Products and their Elimination	
		Modes of excretion -	
		ammonotelism, ureotelism,	
		uricotelism; human excretory	
		system – structure and function;	
		urine formation, osmoregulation;	
		regulation of kidney function -	
		renin -angiotensin, atrial	
		natriuretic factor, ADH and	
		diabetes insipidus; role of other	
		organs in excretion; disorders -	
		uremia, renal failure, renal	
		calculi, nephritis; dialysis and	
		artificial kidney, kidney	
		transplant.	
		Chapter-20: Locomotion and	5. Human skeleton and
		Movement	different types of joints with
DEC	19	Types of movement - ciliary,	the help of virtual images /
		flagellar, muscular; skeletal	models only.
		muscle, contractile proteins and	
		muscle contraction; skeletal	

		system and its functions; joints; disorders of muscular and skeletal systems - myasthenia gravis, tetany, muscular dystrophy, arthritis, osteoporosis, gout. Chapter-21: Neural Control & Coordination Neuron and nerves; Nervous system in humans - central	
		nervous system; peripheral	
		nervous system and visceral nervous system; generation and	
		conduction of nerve impulse.	
		Chapter-22: Chemical	
JAN	20	Coordination and Integration Endocrine glands and hormones; human endocrine system - hypothalamus, pituitary, pineal, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas, gonads; mechanism of hormone action (elementary idea); role of hormones as messengers and regulators, hypo - and hyperactivity and related disorders; dwarfism, acromegaly, cretinism, goiter, exophthalmic goitre, diabetes, Addison's disease. Note: Diseases related to all the human physiological systems to be taught in brief.	
FEB	21	Revision and Annual Examination (55 %+ 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE (083)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
		Unit- I: Computer Systems and	
JUN	09	 Unit-1: Computer Systems and Organisation Basic Computer Organisation: Introduction to computer system, hardware, software, input device, output device, CPU, memory (primary, cache and secondary), units of memory (Bit, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB) Types of software: system software (operating systems, system utilities, device drivers), programming tools and language translators (assembler, compiler & interpreter), application software Operating system (OS): functions of operating system, OS user interface Boolean logic: NOT, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR, truth table, De Morgan's laws and logic circuits Number system: Binary, Octal, Decimal and Hexadecimal number system; conversion between number systems. Encoding schemes: ASCII, ISCII and 	LAB
		UNICODE (UTF8, UTF32)	
		No. 1	
		Unit- II: Computational Thinking and Programming- 1	
JUL	24	• Introduction to problem solving: Steps for problem solving (analyzing the problem, developing an algorithm, coding, testing and debugging). representation of	LAB ASSIGNMENT

- algorithms using flow chart and pseudo code, decomposition
- Familiarization with the basics of Python programming: Introduction to Python, features of Python, executing a simple "hello world" program, execution modes: interactive mode and script mode, Python character set, Python tokens (keyword, identifier, literal, operator, punctuator), variables, use of comments
- Knowledge of data types: number (integer, floating point, complex),
 Boolean, sequence (string, list, tuple), none, mapping (dictionary),
 mutable and immutable data types
- Operators: arithmetic operators, relational operators, logical operators, assignment operator, augmented assignment operators, identity operators (is, is not), membership operators (in, not in)
- Expressions, statement, type conversion & input/output: precedence of operators, expression, evaluation of expression, python statement, type conversion (explicit & implicit conversion), accepting data as input from the console and displaying output
- Errors: syntax errors, logical errors, runtime errors
- Introduction to Python modules: Importing module using 'import ' and using from statement, Importing math module (pi, e, sqrt, ceil, floor,

		pow, fabs, sin, cos, tan); random module (random, randint, randrange), statistics module (mean, median, mode) • Flow of control: introduction, use of indentation, sequential flow, conditional and iterative flow control • Conditional statements: if, if-else, if-elif-else, flowcharts, simple programs.	
AUG	20	 Iterative statements: for loop, range function, while loop, flowcharts, break and continue statements, nested loops. Introduction to Python Modules: Using import <module> and from statement, importing math, random (random, randrange, randint), statistics (mean, median, mode).</module> Strings: introduction, indexing, string operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a string using loops, built-in functions: len(), capitalize(), title(), lower(), upper(), count(), find(), index(), endswith(), startswith(), isalnum(), isalpha(), isdigit(), islower(), isupper(), isspace(), lstrip(), rstrip(), strip(), replace(), join(), partition(), split() 	LAB ASSIGNMENT
SEP	19	• Lists: introduction, indexing, list operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a list using loops, built-in functions: len(), list(), append(), extend(), insert(), count(), index(), remove(),	LAB ASSIGNMENT

		non() royarso() sout() soutod()()	
		pop(), reverse(), sort(), sorted(), min(),	
		max(), sum(); nested lists.	
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/ Half	
		Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	
		• Tuples: introduction, indexing, tuple	
		operations (concatenation, repetition,	LAB
NOV	15	membership & slicing), built-in	ASSIGNMENT
		functions: len(), tuple(), count(),	ASSIGNVIENT
		index(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum();	
		tuple assignment, nested tuple.	
		Dictionary: introduction, accessing	* . 5
		items in a dictionary using keys,	LAB
		mutability of dictionary (adding a	ASSIGNMENT
		new item, modifying an existing	
DEC	19	item), traversing a dictionary, built-	
		in functions: len(), dict(), keys(),	
		values(), items(), get(), update(),	
		del(), clear(), fromkeys(), copy(),	
		<pre>pop(), popitem(), setdefault(), max(),</pre>	
		min(), count(), sorted(), copy().	
		Unit- III: Society, Law and Ethics	
		Digital Footprints.	
		Digital society and Netizen: net	
		etiquettes, communication etiquettes,	
		social media etiquettes.	
		Data protection: Intellectual Property	
		Right (copyright, patent, trademark),	
		violation of IPR (plagiarism,	LAD
JAN	20	copyright infringement, trademark	LAB
		infringement), open source softwares	ASSIGNMENT
		and licensing (Creative Commons,	
		GPL and Apache).	
		 Cyber-crime: definition, hacking, 	
		eavesdropping, phishing and fraud	
		emails, ransomware, preventing cyber	
		crime.	
		Cyber safety: safely browsing the	

		 web, identity protection, confidentiality, cyber trolls and bullying. Safely accessing web sites: malware, viruses, trojans, adware. E-waste management: proper disposal of used electronic gadgets. Indian Information Technology Act (IT Act) Technology & Society: Gender and disability issues while teaching and 	
		using computers.	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (843)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	LEARNING OUTCOMES
JUNE	09	SECTION-A Unit 1: Communication Skills-III Unit 2: Self-Management Skills-III Unit 3: ICT Skills-III Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skills-III Unit 5: Green Skills-III SECTION-B UNIT 1 - INTRODUCTION: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR EVERYONE • What is Artificial Intelligence? • Evolution of AI • Types of AI • Domains of AI • AI Terminologies • Benefits and limitations of AI	Students will be able to - • Communicate effectively about AI concepts and applications in written and oral formats. • Describe the historical development of AI. • Differentiate between various types and domains of AI, including their applications.
JULY	24	UNIT 2 - UNLOCKING YOUR FUTURE IN AI The Global Demand Some Common Job Roles In AI Essential Skills and Tools for Prospective AI Careers Opportunities in AI across Various Industries	Students will be able to – • Articulate the demand for AI professionals and the diverse career opportunities available in the field. • Identify the requisite skills and tools needed to pursue a career in artificial intelligence. •

AUG	20	UNIT 3 - PYTHON PROGRAMMING Level 1: Basics of python programming, character sets, tokens, modes, operators, datatypes, Control Statements Level 2: CSV Files, Libraries – Numpy, Pandas, Scikit-learn UNIT 4 - INTRODUCTION TO CAPSTONE PROJECT • Design Thinking • Empathy Map • Sustainable Development Goals • Capstone Project	Students will be able to – • Decompose any problem using the 5W1H method. • Apply Design thinking methodology. • Create empathy maps. • Align problems to SDGs.
SEP	19	UNIT 5 - DATA LITERACY – DATA COLLECTION TO DATA ANALYSIS • What is Data Literacy? • Data Collection • Exploring Data • Statistical Analysis of data • Representation of data, Python Programs for Statistical Analysis and Data Visualization • Introduction to Matrices • Data Pre-processing • Data in Modelling and Evaluation	Students will be able to — • Explain the importance of data literacy in AI. • Identify different data collection methods and their applications. • Comprehend mathematical concepts related to matrices, its operations, and applications. • Apply basic data analysis techniques to analyse data. • Visualize the data using different techniques.
OCT	20	REVISION & FIRST TERMINAL / HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (55% SYLLABUS)	SYLLABUS DEADLINE – 27 TH SEPT.

NOV	15	UNIT 6 – MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS • Machine Learning in a nutshell • Types of Machine Learning • Supervised Learning • Understanding Correlation, Regression, Finding the line, Linear Regression algorithm • Classification – How it works, Types, k – Nearest Neighbour algorithm • Unsupervised Learning • Clustering – How it works, Types, k -means Clustering algorithm	Students will be able to — • Differentiate the different types of machine learning methods. • They will be able to understand the concept behind each machine learning methods. • Apply these methods to develop simple solutions for some day-today situations. • Build up this knowledge to the next level to apply during Capstone Project development.
DEC	19	UNIT 7 – LEVERAGING LINGUISTICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE • Understanding Human Language Complexity • Introduction to Natural Language Processing (NLP) - Emotion Detection and Sentiment Analysis, Classification Problems, Chatbot • Phases of NLP • Applications of NLP	Students will be able to — • Develop a better understanding of the complexities of language and the challenges involved in NLP tasks.
JAN	20	 UNIT 8 – AI ETHICS AND VALUES Ethics in Artificial Intelligence The five pillars of AI Ethics Bias, Bias Awareness, Sources of Bias Mitigating Bias in AI Systems 	Students will be able to — • Demonstrate an understanding of

		Developing AI Policies Moral Machine Game Survival of the Best Fit Game	the fundamental principles of ethics and gain insight into ethical considerations related to AI technologies. • Develop an understanding of AI bias, its sources, and its real-world implications.
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	SYLLABUS DEADLINE – 17 TH JANUARY
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: HISTORY (027)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	Section- I:Early Societies 1. Writing and City Life Focus: Iraq, 3 rd millennium BCE • Growth of Towns	Map Skill
JULY	24	 Writing and City Life (Contd.) Nature of early urban societies Historians' Debate on uses of writing Section- II: Empires 2. An Empire Across Three Continents Focus: Roman Empire, 27 BCE to 600 CE Political Evolution Economic Expansion Religion-Culture Foundation Late Antiquity Historians' view on the Institution of Slavery 	Map Skill
AUG	20	 3. Nomadic Empires Focus: The Mongol, 13th – 14th centuries The nature of Nomadism Formation of Empires Conquests and relations with other States Historians' view on the nomadic societies and state formation 	Timeline and Map Skill

		Section-III:Changing Traditions	
		4. The Three Orders	
		Focus : Western Europe 13 th -16 th centuries	
	19	Feudal society and economy	Map Skill and
SEP	19	• Formation of state	Assignment
		Church and society	
		Historians' views on decline of	
		feudalism	
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/Half Yearly	
		Examination(55% Syllabus)	
		5. Changing Cultural Traditions	
		Focus : Europe 14 th - 17 th centuries	
		New ideas and new trends in literature	
NOV	15	and arts	Map Skill
		Relationship with earlier ideas	-
		The contribution of West Asia	
		• Historians' viewpoint on the validity of	
		the notion 'European Renaissance'	
		Section- IV: Towards Modernisation	
		6. Displacing Indigenous People	
		Focus : North America and Australia, 18 th - 20 th	
		centuries	
		European colonists in North America	
DEC	10	and Australia	Man Cl-:11
DEC	19	• Formation of White Settler societies	Map Skill
		Displacement and repression of local	
		people	
		Historians' viewpoint on the impact of	
		European settlement on indigenous	
		population	

JAN	20	 7. Paths To Modernisation Focus: East Asia, late 19th to 20th centuries Militarisation and economic growth in Japan China and the Communist alternative Historians' debate on the meaning of 	Map Skill
FEB	21	modernisation Revision & Annual Examination	
1 LB	21	(55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: POLITCAL SCIENCE (028)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	DAYS 09	Part-A 1. Constitution: Why and How? • Why do we need a Constitution? • The authority of a Constitution Part-B 1. Political Theory: An Introduction • What is Politics? • What do we study in Political Theory? • Why should we study Political Theory? 2. Freedom • The Ideals of Freedom • The sources of constraints: Why do we need constraints? • The Harm Principle	Write a short note on different provisions adopted by India from other countries.
JULY	24	 Negative and Positive Liberty Part-A 9.Constitution as a Living Document Are Constitutions static or dynamic? Contents of Amendments made so far Controversial Amendments Basic Structure of the Constitution The Philosophy of the Constitution Meaning of the Philosophy of the Constitution Political Philosophy of the Constitution Constitution Criticisms and Achievements 	

		Part-B	
		3. Equality	
		Why does Equality matter?	
		Three dimensions of Equality	
		How can we promote Equality?	
		Part- A	Compare and
		2. Rights in the Indian Constitution	contrast between
		The importance of Rights	Fundamental
		Fundamental Rights	Rights and
		Directive Principles of State	Directive
		Policy	Principles of State
		Part- B	Policy.
AUG	20	4. Social Justice	
		• What is Justice?	
		 John Rawls Theory of Justice 	
		Free Market vs State Intervention	
		5. Rights	
		• What are Rights?	
		• Where do Rights come from?	
		Kinds of Rights	
		Part- A	What is the
		3. Election and Representation	procedure of
		Elections and Democracy	reserving seats in
		Election System in India	the constituencies?
		Why did India adopt FPTP	
		System?	
		Reservation of Constituencies	
SEP	19	Electoral Reforms	
		4. Executive	Differentiate
		Meaning of Executive and its	between
		types	Permanent
		Parliamentary Executive in India	Executive and
		Prime Minister and Council of	Political
		Ministers	Executive.

		Permanent Executive: Bureaucracy 5. Legislature	How is LokSabha more powerful
		 Why do we need a Parliament? Why do we need two Houses of Parliament? What does the Parliament do? How does the Parliament make Laws? How does the Parliament control Executive? What do the Committees of Parliament do? How does the Parliament regulate 	than Rajya Sabha?
		itself? Revision & First Terminal / Half	
OCT	20	Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	
NOV	15	 Part- A 6. Judiciary Why do we need an Independent Judiciary? Structure and Jurisdiction of the Judiciary Judicial Activism Judiciary and Rights Judiciary and Parliament Part- B 6. Citizenship Full and Equal Citizenship Universal and Global Citizenship 	How has Judicial Activism expanded in the last few years?

		Part- A	Briefly describe
		7. Federalism	the Quasi Federal
		• What is Federalism?	Characteristics of
		• Federalism in the Indian	Indian
		Constitution	Government.
		Conflicts in India's Federal	
DEC	10	System	
DEC	19	 Special provisions 	
			How can you say
		Part- B	that the feeling of
		7. Nationalism	Nationalism united
		Nation and Nationalism	and divided the
		National Self Determination	countries?
		Nationalism and Pluralism	
		Part- A	To what extent the
		8. Local Governments	idea of
		Why Local Governments?	decentralisation
	20	Growth of Local Government in	has been achieved
		India	in India?
		• 73 rd and 74 th Amendment Acts and	Features of a
JAN		their implementation	Secular State.
JAIN	20	Part- B	
		8. Secularism	
		• What is Secularism?	
		Secular State	
		Western and Indian Model of	
		Secularism	
		Criticisms of Indian Secularism	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: ECONOMICS (030)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	Part- B: Introductory Microeconomics Unit- 4: Introduction • Meaning of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics • Positive and Normative Economics • What is an Economy? • Central Problems of an Economy: what, how and for whom to produce; opportunity cost. • PPC And Opportunity Cost Part- A: Statistics for Economics Unit- 1: Introduction	Report on Adam Smith and his theory of Invisible hands.
JULY	24	 What is Economics? Meaning, scope, functions and importance of statistics in Economics Unit- 2: Collection, Organisation and Presentation of data. Collection of data - sources of data - primary and secondary; how basic data is collected with concepts of Sampling; methods of collecting data; some important sources of secondary data: Census of India and National Sample Survey Organisation. 	

- Organisation of Data: Meaning and types of variables;
 Frequency Distribution.
- Presentation of Data: Tabular Presentation and Diagrammatic Presentation of Data:
 - (i) Geometric forms (bar diagrams and pie diagrams),
 - (ii) Frequency diagrams
 (histogram,
 polygon and Ogive) and
 (iii) Arithmetic line graphs (time series graph).

Part-B:

Unit-5: Consumer's Equilibrium and Demand.

- Consumer's Equilibriummeaning of utility, marginal utility, law of diminishing marginal utility, conditions of consumer's equilibrium using marginal utility analysis.
- Indifference curve analysis of consumer's equilibrium-the consumer's budget (budget set and budget line), preferences of the consumer (indifference curve, indifference map) and conditions of consumer's equilibrium.

AUG	20	Part- B: Unit- 5: Consumer's Equilibrium and Demand (Contd.) • Demand, market demand, determinants of demand, demand schedule, demand curve and its slope, movement along and shifts in the demand curve; price elasticity of demand - factors affecting price elasticity of demand; measurement of price elasticity of demand — percentage-change method. Part- A: Statistics for Economics Unit- 3: Statistical Tools and Interpretation • Measures of Central Tendency- Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode	Application of Central Tendency in Industrial Production
SEP	19	 Part- B: IntroductoryMicroeconomics Unit- 6: Producer's Behaviour and Supply. Meaning of Production Function – Short-Run and Long-Run Total Product, Average Product and Marginal Product. Returns to a Factor Cost: Short run costs - total cost, total fixed cost, total variable cost; Average cost; Average fixed cost, average variable cost and marginal cost-meaning and their relationships. 	
ОСТ	20	Revision & First Terminal/Half Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	

NOV	15	Part- B: Introductory Microeconomics Unit- 6: Producer's Behaviour and Supply (Contd.) Revenue - total, average and marginal revenue - meaning and their relationship. Supply, market supply, determinants of supply, supply schedule, supply curve and its slope, movements along and shifts in supply curve, price elasticity of supply; measurement of price elasticity of supply - percentage-change method. Part- A: Statistics for Economics	
DEC	19	Unit- 3: Statistical Tools and Interpretation Correlation – Meaning and properties, Scatter Diagram; Measures of Correlation – Karl Pearson's method (two variables ungrouped data). Spearman's Rank method Unit- 3: Statistical Tools and Interpretation (Contd.) Introduction to Index Numbers - meaning, types - wholesale price index, consumer price index, uses of index numbers; Inflation and index numbers.	Application of Statistics in deriving Correlation between Health Expenditure and Economic Development
JAN	20	Part- B: Introductory Microeconomics Unit- 7: Forms of Market and Price Determination under Perfect Competition with simple applications. • Perfect competition - Features;	Graphical chart on Determination of Equilibrium Prices in Perfect Competition

		Determination of market equilibrium and effects of shifts in demand and supply. • Simple Applications of Demand and Supply: Price Ceiling, Price Floor	
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: BUSINESS STUDIES (054)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	 Part- A: Foundation of Business Unit- 1: Evolution and Fundamentals of Business • History of Trade and Commerce in India: Indigenous Banking System, Rise of Intermediaries, Transport, Trading Communities: Merchant Corporations, Major Trade Centres, Major Imports and Exports, Position of Indian Sub-Continent in the World Economy • Business – meaning and characteristics • Business, profession and employment-Concept • Objectives of business • Classification of business activities - 	Case studies
JULY	24	 Industry and Commerce Industry-types: primary, secondary, tertiary Meaning and subgroups Commerce-trade: (types-internal, external; wholesale and retail) and auxiliaries to trade; (banking, insurance, transportation, warehousing, communication, and advertising) – meaning Business risk-Concept Forms of Business organizations Sole Proprietorship-Concept, merits and limitations Partnership-Concept, types, merits and limitation of partnership. Registration of a partnership firm, partnership deed. 	Case studies

		Types of partners	
AUG	20	 Hindu Undivided Family Business: Concept Cooperative Societies-Concept, merits, and limitations. Company - Concept, merits and limitations; Types: Private, Public and One Person Company - Concept Formation of company - stages, important documents to be used in formation of a company Choice of form of business organization 	Case studies
SEP	19	Public, Private and Global Enterprises Public sector and private sector enterprises- Concept, Forms of public sector enterprises: Departmental Undertakings, Statutory Corporations and Government Company, Global Enterprises – Feature, Joint venture, Public private partnership – concept.	Case studies/Flow chart
OCT	20	 Business Services Business services – meaning and types. Banking: Types of bank accounts - savings, current, recurring, fixed deposit and multiple option deposit account Banking services with particular reference to Bank Draft, Bank Overdraft, Cash credit. E-Banking: meaning, types of digital payments Insurance – Principles, Types – life, health, fire and marine insurance – concept Postal Service - Mail, Registered Post, Parcel, Speed Post, Courier – meaning Revision&First Terminal / Half Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus) 	Case studies
NOV	15	Emerging Modes of Business	Case studies

		• E - business: concept, scope and benefits	
		Social Responsibility of Business and	
		Business Ethics	
		Concept of social responsibility	
		Case of social responsibility	
		Responsibility towards owners, investors,	
		consumers, employees, government and	
		community	
		• Role of business in environment protection	
		Business Ethics - Concept and Elements	
		Part- B: Finance and Trade	
		Sources of Business Finance	
		• Concept of business finance	
		Owners' funds- equity shares, preferences	
		share, retained earnings	
		Borrowed funds: debentures and bonds, loan	
		from financial institution and commercial	
		banks, public deposits, trade credit, Inter	
		Corporate Deposits (ICD)	
		Small Business and Enterprises	
		• Entrepreneurship Development (ED):	
		Concept, Characteristics and Need. Process	PROJECT
DEC	19	of Entrepreneurship Development: Start-up	11101201
		India Scheme, ways to fund start-up.	
		Intellectual Property Rights and	
		Entrepreneurship	
		Small scale enterprise as defined by	
		MSMED Act 2006 (Micro, Small and	
		Medium Enterprise Development Act)	
		Role of small business in India with special	
		reference to rural areas	
		Government schemes and agencies for small	
		scale industries: National Small Industries	
		Corporation (NSIC) and District Industrial	

		T	·
		Centre (DIC) with special reference to rural,	
		backward areas	
		 Internal Trade Internal trade - meaning and types services rendered by a wholesaler and a retailer Types of retail-trade-Itinerant and small scale fixed shops retailers Large scale retailers-Departmental stores, chain stores - concept GST (Goods and Services Tax): Concept and key-features 	Case studies
JAN	20	 International Trade International trade: concept and benefits Export trade – Meaning and procedure Import Trade - Meaning and procedure Documents involved in International Trade; indent, letter of credit, shipping order, shipping bills, mate's receipt (DA/DP) World Trade Organization (WTO) meaning and objectives Revision And Practice Paper 	Case studies
FEB	21	Revision & Annual Examination (55% + 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: PHYSICAL EDUCATION (048)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	 UNIT-I:Changing Trends and Career in Physical Education 1. Concept, Aims & Objectives of Physical Education 2. Development of Physical Education in India – Post Independence 3. Changing Trends in Sports- playing surface, wearable gear and sports equipment, technological advancements 4. Career options in Physical Education 5. Khelo-India Program and Fit – India Program 	SAI KHELO INDIA TEST
JULY	24	 UNIT-II: Olympism Value Education Olympism - Concept and Olympics Values (Excellence, Friendship & Respect) Olympic Value Education – Joy of Effort, Fair Play, Respect for Others, Pursuit of Excellence, Balance Among Body, Will & Mind Ancient and Modern Olympics Olympics - Symbols, Motto, Flag, Oath, and Anthem Olympic Movement Structure - IOC, NOC, IFS, Other Members UNIT-III:Yoga Meaning and importance of Yoga Introduction to Astanga Yoga Yogic Kriyas (Shat Karma) Pranayama and its types. Active Lifestyle and stress management through Yoga 	BROCKPORT PHYSICAL FITNESS TEST

		UNIT-IV: Physical Education and Sports for	
		Children with Special Needs (Divyang)	
		1. Concept of Disability and Disorder	
		2. Types of Disability, its causes & nature	GAMES AND
		(Intellectual disability, Physical disability).	SPORTS
		3. Disability Etiquette	(SKILL OF
AUG	20	4. Aim and objectives of Adaptive Physical	ANYONE IOA
		Education.	RECOGNISED
		5. Role of various professionals for children	GAME OF
		with special needs (Counselor, Occupational	CHOICE)
		Therapist, Physiotherapist, Physical	,
		Education Teacher, Speech Therapist, and	
		Special Educator)	
		UNIT-V: Physical Fitness, Health and	
		Wellness	
		1. Meaning & importance of Wellness, Health,	
		and Physical Fitness.	
		2. Components/Dimensions of Wellness, Health,	YOGIC
SEPT	19	and Physical Fitness	PRACTICES
		3. Traditional Sports & Regional Games for	PRACTICES
		promoting wellness	
		4. Leadership through Physical Activity and	
		Sports	
		5. Introduction to First Aid – PRICE	
		UNIT-VI: Test, Measurement & Evaluation	
		1. Define Test, Measurements and Evaluation.	
		2. Importance of Test, Measurements and Evaluation in Sports.	
		3. Calculation of BMI, Waist – Hip Ratio, Skin	
		fold measurement (3-site)	
		4. Somato Types (Endomorphy, Mesomorphy &	
		Ectomorphy) 5. Measurements of health-related fitness.	
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/ Half Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	

		UNIT-VII: Fundamentals of Anatomy,	
		Physiology in Sports	
		1. Definition and importance of Anatomy and	
		Physiology in Exercise and Sports.	
NOV	1.5	2. Functions of Skeletal System, Classification	
NOV	15	of Bones, and Types of Joints.	
		3. Properties and Functions of Muscles	
		4. Structure and Functions of Circulatory	
		System and Heart. 5. Structure and Functions of Respiratory	
		System.	
		UNIT-VIII: Fundamentals Of Kinesiology	
		And Biomechanics in Sports	
		1. Definition and Importance of Kinesiology and	
		Biomechanics in Sports.	
DEC	10	2. Principles of Biomechanics.	
DEC	19	3. Kinetics and Kinematics in Sports.	
		4. Types of Body Movements - Flexion,	
		Extension, Abduction, Adduction, Rotation, Circumduction, Supination & Pronation.	
		5. Axis and Planes – Concept and its application	
		in body movements.	
		UNIT-IX: Psychology and Sports	
		1. Definition & Importance of Psychology in	
		Physical Education & Sports;	
		2. Developmental Characteristics at Different	
		Stages of Development;	
		3. Adolescent Problems & their Management;	
		4. Team Cohesion and Sports;	
		5. Introduction to Psychological Attributes:	
JAN	20	Attention, Resilience, Mental Toughness	
		UNIT-X: Training & Doping in Sports	
		1. Concept and Principles of Sports Training	
		2. Training Load: Over Load, Adaptation, and	
		Recovery	
		3. Warming-up & Limbering Down – Types,	
		Method & Importance	
		4. Concept of Skill, Technique, Tactics &	
		Strategies 5. Concept of Doping and its disadvantages.	
	1	J. Concept of Doping and its disadvantages.	

FEB	21	Revision and Annual Examination (55 %+ 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

PRACTICAL (Max. Marks 30)

Physical Fitness Test: SAI Khelo India Test, Brockport Physical Fitness Test (BPFT)* 6 Marks

Proficiency in Games and Sports

(Skill of any one IOA recognized Sport/Game of Choice)** 7 Marks

Yogic Practices 7 Marks

Record File *** 5 Marks

Viva Voce (Health/ Games & Sports/ Yoga) 5 Marks

* *Test for CWSN (any 4 items out of 27 items. One item from each component: Aerobic Function, Body Composition, Muscular strength & Endurance, Range of

Motion or Flexibility)

- ***CWSN (Children with Special Needs Divyang): Bocce/ Boccia, Sitting Volleyball, Wheel Chair Basketball, Unified Badminton, Unified Basketball, Unified Football, Blind Cricket, Goalball, Floorball, Wheel Chair Races and Throws, or any other Sport/Game of choice.
- **Children with Special Needs can also opt any one Sport/Game from the list as alternative to Yogic Practices. However, the Sport/ Game must be different from Test
- 'Proficiency in Games and Sports'
- ***Record File shall include:
- Ø Practical-1: Fitness tests administration. (SAI Khelo India Test)
- Ø Practical-2: Procedure for Asanas, Benefits & Contraindication for any two Asanas for each lifestyle disease.
- Ø Practical-3: Anyone one IOA recognized Sport/Game of choice. Labelled diagram of Field & Equipment. Also mention its Rules, Terminologies & Skills.

SUBJECT: PAINTING (049)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	9	UNIT-I: Art introduction Visual art, Performing art, Literary art Fine art (different types) meaning of Drawing Difference between drawing and paintings Perspective and Proportion expression and Alignment Dimension Traditional and Modern art Six Limbs of Paintings Origin of Painting REVISION	Still-Life PencilShading
JULY	24	Pre historic rock paintings Bhimbetka paintings Study of Rock paintings and Wizard dance Art of Indus valley civilization Study of Sculptures and Teracottas REVISION 1. Dancing Girl 2. Male Torso	Still-Life Water Colour
		3. Mother goddess4. Study of steatite (seal), Bull seal5. Decoration of Earthen ware6. Painted Earthen ware (Jars)	Nature-study monochromatic
AUG	20	UNIT-II: Art during Mauryan, shunga, kushan and Gupta periods Study of sculptures 1. Lion Capital of Sarnath	Nature-study colour

		2. Chauri bearer	
		3. Seated Buddha	
		4. Jain tirthankara	
		4. Jain urmankara REVISION	
		Introduction of Ajanta And its location	
		Number of caves	
		Paintings and sculptures	
		Subject matter and technique used UNIT-III:	
		Introduction of Temple Sculpture	
		Study of Temple Sculpture	NT
SEPT	19	Iconography	Nature-study
		1. Decent of Ganga	colour
		2. Trimurti	
		3. Laxmi Narayan Kandriya Mahadev temple	
		cymbal player	
		1. Sun Temple	
OCT	20	2. Mother and Child	Nature-study
	20	Revision & First Terminal/ Half Yearly	colour
		Examination (55% Syllabus)	
		UNIT-IV:	
NOV	15	Introduction to Indian Bronze Casting	Poster on social
1101	13	Different methods of Bronze casting	Awareness
		Study of Bronze Sculptures	
DEC	19	1. Natraj	Folk Art
		2. Devi Uma	
		Introduction of Indo-Islamic Artitecture	Composition of
		Artistic aspects of Indo-Islamic art	Nature with
JAN	20	1. Taj Mahal	human and
		2. Qutub Minar	
		3. Gol Gumbad	animal figure
EED	21	Revision and Annual Examination	
FEB	21	(55 %+ 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

SUBJECT: YOGA (841)

MONTH	WORKING DAYS	TOPICS	ACTIVITY
JUNE	09	Unit-1: Introduction to Yoga and Yogic Practices -I • YogaEtymology,definition,Aim,objective andmisconceptiontext • Yoga origin, history and development	YOGA PRACTICAL
JULY	24	 Unit- 1: Introduction to Yoga and Yogic Practices- I (Contd.) Rules and regulations to be followed by yoga practitioners Introduction to Major schools of Yoga (Janan, Yoga Bhakti, Yoga Karma, Patanjali, Hatha) Introductiontoyogicpractices(SukshamaV yayama,SuryaNamaskarandAsanas) 	YOGA PRACTICAL
AUG	20	 Unit- 2: Introduction to Yoga Texts-I Introduction and study of Patanjali Yoga Sutra including memorization of selected Sutra Introduction and study of Bhagavad Gita including memorization of selected Slokas 	YOGA PRACTICAL
SEPT	19	Unit-2: Introduction to Yoga Texts–I (Contd.) • Introduction of Hata Pradpika. • Introduction and study of Gheranda Samhita.	YOGA PRACTICAL
OCT	20	Revision & First Terminal/ Half Yearly Examination (55% Syllabus)	

NOV	15	 Unit-3: Yoga for Health Promotion—I Brief introduction to human body Role of yoga for health promotion Yogic attitudes and practices 	YOGA PRACTICAL
DEC	19	 Unit-3: Yoga for Health Promotion- I (Contd.) Holistic approach of yoga towards the health and diseases Introduction to yoga diet and its relevance and importance in yoga Sadhana Dincharya and Ritucharya with respect of yogic lifestyle 	YOGA PRACTICAL
JAN	20	Revision And Yoga Practice	
FEB	21	Revision and Annual Examination (55 %+ 45% Syllabus)	
MAR	24	Annual Examination, Result & PTM	

RISE & SHINE